fnlineno.sty

Numbering Footnote Lines*

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Abstract

fnlineno.sty extends \lineno.sty^1 (created by Stephan I. Böttcher) such that even \footnote lines are numbered and can be referred to using \linelabel, \ref, etc.

Making the package was motivated as support for critical editions of printed works with footnotes as opposed to scholarly critical editions of manuscripts. For this purpose, an extension edfnotes of the ednotes package for critical editions, building on fnlineno, is provided by the ednotes bundle.²

\lineno.sty has also been used for the revision process of submissions. With fnlineno.sty, reference to footnotes in the submitted work may become possible.

As to implementation: 1. Some included tools for storing and restoring global settings may be “exported” as standalone packages later. 2. The method of typesetting footnotes on the main vertical list may later lead to applying the line numbering method to several parallel texts (with footnotes) and to inner material such as table cells.

Keywords: line numbers; footnotes, pagewise, critical editions, revision

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*This document describes version v0.55 of fnlineno.sty as of 2011/01/07.

1http://contact-ednotes.sty.de.vu

2http://ctan.org/pkg/ednotes
2 Implementation  

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1 Usage and Features

1.1 Package File Header (Legalize)

\NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}[1994/12/01]
\ProvidesPackage{fnlineno}[2011/01/07 v0.55 numbers to footnote lines (UL)]

%% Copyright (C) 2010 Uwe Lueck,
%% http://www.contact-ednotes.sty.de.vu
%% -- author-maintained in the sense of LPPL below --
%%
%% This file can be redistributed and/or modified under
%% the terms of the LaTeX Project Public License; either
%% version 1.3c of the License, or any later version.
%% The latest version of this license is in
%% http://www.latex-project.org/lppl.txt
%% We did our best to help you, but there is NO WARRANTY.
1 USAGE AND FEATURES

This work has been supported by the Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft (DFG), organized by Prof. Dr. Dr. Christian Tapp at Ruhr-Universität Bochum, Germany. Christian also has constructed some critical tests.

1.2 Installing and Calling

The file fnlineno.sty is provided ready, installation only requires putting it somewhere where \TeX finds it (which may need updating the filename database).³

As usually, fnlineno.sty is loaded by \usepackage{fnlineno} below the \documentclass line and before \begin{document}.

1.3 Limitations

v0.55 should really work the way users expect, but please consider:

1. Nothing is known about compatibility with packages (other than manyfoot and bigfoot) providing footnote features beyond standard \LaTeX.

2. \texttt{\lipsum[\langle opt-arg \rangle]} in main text produces a different number of paragraphs . . .

3. v0.41 tried supporting \texttt{\pagebreak} in footnotes for manual control of splitting footnotes. However, it wrongly assumed that \texttt{\pagebreak[4]} forces a footnote split, cf. Section 2.5.3; users better still don’t use \texttt{\pagebreak} in footnotes!

4. Much of the code is “guessed” without complete knowledge of \TeX internals and without having tested many possible cases.

5. Local switching to “pagewise” numbering won’t be possible for a while; we rather assume that you always want “pagewise” numbering.

6. Nothing has been tried to offer choices about the style of numbering footnotes.

³http://www.tex.ac.uk/cgi-bin/texfaq2html?label=inst-wlcf
2 Implementation

2.1 Terms

“OTR” is short for “output routine”, “MVL” is short for “main vertical list”.

2.2 Basic Strategy

\LaTeX’s \texttt{\@footnotetext} writes the footnote text into the insertion register. For numbering the footnote lines, \textit{we here} do not execute this \texttt{\@footnotetext} immediately after placing \texttt{\@footnotemark} but postpone its \texttt{\insert} a little so it is executed only after the main text paragraph has been broken into lines. Right below the line that contains the footnote mark, a special new “slot” of the OTR is called that interchanges “the page so far” with the footnote text. When the latter has been typeset, another “slot” of the OTR puts “the page so far” back to the MVL and immediately after that fills the footnote text as just typeset on the MVL into the \texttt{\insert} register.

Passing footnotes from horizontal mode to vertical mode resembles \texttt{lineno’s \PostponeVadjust}, but a different list \texttt{\FNLN@list} must store code (a) for the footnote \texttt{mark} and (b) for the footnote \texttt{text}.

2.3 Package Options

A package option \texttt{[check-latex]} for checking vital \LaTeX\ internals may once be offered \texttt{(TODO 2010/12/12)} ...

\begin{verbatim}
\newif\if@FNLN@check@
\DeclareOption{check-latex}{\@FNLN@check@true}
\ProcessOptions
\end{verbatim}

2.4 Footnote Commands

2.4.1 Standard Footnotes

The following macro \texttt{\FNLN@ltx@fntext} is a copy of \LaTeX’s \texttt{\@footnotetext} that we are varying. It may be used for a check if the \texttt{\@footnotetext} that \texttt{fn-lineno.sty} encounters is the one expected \texttt{(TODO)}. In line numbering mode, this code may never be needed all at once, rather we will have to see which material must be used at which point of our unusual way of processeeing footnotes.

\begin{verbatim}
\if@FNLN@check@
 \long\def\FNLN@ltx@fntext#1{\insert\footins{\reset@font\footnotesize
 \interlinepenalty\interfootnotelinepenalty
 \splittopskip\footnotesep
 \splitmaxdepth \dp\strutbox \floatingpenalty \@MM
 \hsize\columnwidth \@parboxrestore
 \protected@edef\@currentlabel{\csname p@footnote\endcsname\@thefnmark}

 \csname p@footnote\endcsname\atthefnmark
\end{verbatim}
2.4.2 Modifying Footnote Commands

In order to number \footnote lines and make \linelabel available in footnotes, it seems to suffice (with standard \LaTeX) to redefine the internal \@footnotetext. In line numbering mode, \@footnotetext will act as \FNLN@text: (i) placing a “signal” output penalty below the current line via \vadjust and (ii) appending the footnote text to the list \FNLN@list of footnote texts. \FNLN@text stores the \@footnotetext found, we might check if it is \FNLN@ltx@fntext. . .

\let\FNLN@text\@footnotetext
\def\@footnotetext{%
  \ifLineNumbers \expandafter \FNLN@text
  \else \expandafter \FNLN@@text\fi}
\def \FNLN@text {%
  \vadjust{\penalty-\FNLN@M@swap@codepen}%
  Standard \LaTeX's \@footnotetext expands \@thefnmark to produce the footnote mark at the page bottom, right after it has been determined for the mark in the main text. Here the footnote text will be typeset only when other footnote marks may have been formed for typesetting the main text paragraph before. In the footnote list macro \FNLN@list the (“\protected”) current expansion \@fnmark of \@thefnmark is stored as an item preceding the footnote text \@lt. One footnote entry in \FNLN@list thus has the form \@lt{text}\@lt. \LaTeX's internal \g@addto@macro is used to append an entry to the list (at the right). The OTR will later take the entries from the left of the list.

The argument of the auxiliary/temporary \@tema will contain the footnote text and thus must be able to carry \par tokens. We therefore need a \long version of \@protect\edef:

\let\@protect\protect
\let\protect\@unexpandable@protect
\afterassignment\restore@protect
\long \edef \@tema ##1{%
  \noexpand\g@addto@macro \noexpand\FNLN@list {\noexpand\@thefnmark \noexpand\@lt \#1\noexpand \@lt}}%

... issuing \g@addto@macro\FNLN@list{\@fnmark\@lt{text}\@lt}'

\@tema % reads arg
Here we initialize \texttt{\FNLN@list}:
\begin{verbatim}
\let\FNLN@list\@empty
\end{verbatim}

\section*{2.5 Output Routines}

\subsection*{2.5.1 \texttt{lineno}'s Output Routine}

The following is a copy of \texttt{lineno}'s OTR that we are varying. It may be used for a check if the OTR that \texttt{fnlineno.sty} encounters is the one expected (TODO).
\begin{verbatim}
\if@FNLN@check@
  \def\FNLN@lno@output {
    \LineNoTest
    \if@tempswa
      \ifnum\outputpenalty=-\@Mllbcodepen
        \WriteLineNo
      \else
        \ifnum\outputpenalty=-\@Mppvacodepen
          \PassVadjustList
        \else
          \LineNoLaTeXOutput
        \fi
      \fi
    \else
      \MakeLineNo
    \fi
  }
  \if@tempswa
    \let\TheLineNoLaTeXOutput\LineNoLaTeXOutput
  \fi

  \mathchardef\FNLN@M@llbl@codepen=11111
  \mathchardef\FNLN@M@ppva@codepen=11112
\fi
\end{verbatim}

The “signal penalties” used here are
\begin{verbatim}
\mathchardef\FNLN@M@llbl@codepen=11111
\mathchardef\FNLN@M@ppva@codepen=11112
\fi
\end{verbatim}

Their names should mean “\texttt{\linelabel code penalty}” and “\texttt{\PostponeVadjust code penalty}.”

\texttt{\LineNoLaTeXOutput} It turns out to be inconvenient here that \texttt{lineno} sacrifices access to the \texttt{primitive \output} (“\@tempa”; \texttt{TODO}: auxiliary package before loading \texttt{lineno}!; later change \texttt{lineno.sty} indeed). So to change the OTR we use \texttt{\LineNoLaTeXOutput} as a hook for adding additional cases of \texttt{\outputpenalties}. We take a copy of \texttt{\LineNoLaTeXOutput} here.

\begin{verbatim}
\let\TheLineNoLaTeXOutput\LineNoLaTeXOutput
\end{verbatim}

\subsection*{2.5.2 Tools for Temporary Parameter Changes}

\texttt{\GStoreReg\{⟨register⟩\}} (or \texttt{\GStoreReg\(⟨register⟩\)}) when \texttt{⟨register⟩} is a single token—“\texttt{\count0}” being a counterexample …) stores the current content of \texttt{⟨register⟩} (\textit{globally}) as an internal macro so that it can
be restored later by
\texttt{\textbackslash RestoreRegister\{register\}} (or \texttt{\textbackslash RestoreReg\{register\}}

or globally by
\texttt{\textbackslash GRestoreRegister\{register\}} \texttt{\textbackslash GRestoreReg\{register\}}

(The OTR runs in a local group!—Recall that assignments to “special dimens”—\TeX{}book p. 271—are automatically global.) \texttt{\textbackslash RestoreRegister\{register\}} is something that can be prefixed by \texttt{\textbackslash the} to read its content and to which you can assign a value \texttt{\textbackslash value\{value\}} by \texttt{\textbackslash \{register\}\{value\}}. (TODO: could also be some \texttt{\textbackslash catcode}!)

\begin{verbatim}
75 \newcommand*{\GStoreReg}[1]{% 
76 \expandafter \xdef \csname GS\string#1\endcsname {\the #1}}
77 \newcommand*{\RestoreReg}[1]{#1\csname GS\string#1\endcsname \relax}
78 \newcommand*{\GRestoreReg}{\global\RestoreReg}
80 \GStoreSetReg{\textbackslash register\{value\}} assigns \texttt{\textbackslash value\{value\}} to \texttt{\textbackslash register\{register\}} (locally) after executing \texttt{\GStoreSet}, \texttt{\GStoreGSetReg} does the same \texttt{\textbackslash globally} (and still argument braces aren’t needed when a single token refers to the register).
\end{verbatim}

\begin{verbatim}
79 \newcommand*{\g@storesetreg}[3]{\GStoreReg{#2}#1#2#3\relax}
80 \newcommand*{\GStoreSetReg}{\g@storesetreg\relax}
81 \newcommand*{\GStoreGSetReg}{\g@storesetreg\global}
\end{verbatim}

(These preliminaries might go into an own new package, TODO! + loop on list of \texttt{\textbackslash register\{s\} ...})

\subsection{2.5.3 The basic hook}

We use two more penalties triggering the “MVL swaps:"

\begin{verbatim}
82 \mathchardef\FNLN@M@swap@codepen =11113
83 \mathchardef\FNLN@M@insert@codepen=11114
\end{verbatim}

v0.41 deals with \texttt{\textbackslash pagebreak} in footnote texts, using a flag \texttt{\if@FNLN@sw\} that must be set globally. It turned out not to work properly; however, the new switch has served a different purpose for “continuous line numbering,” cf. section 2.6.

\begin{verbatim}
84 \newif\if@FNLN@sw \global@FNLN@sw\false \textbackslash FN LN@sw0 \textbackslash FN LN@sw0false \% v0.41
\end{verbatim}

When a \texttt{\textbackslash pagebreak} triggers the OTR while typesetting the footnote text, the page content is collected in a box \texttt{\textbackslash FN LN@holdft}:

\begin{verbatim}
85 \newsavebox\FN LN@holdft \% v0.41
\end{verbatim}

Using \texttt{\textbackslash LineNoLaTeXOutput} for hooking into the OTR:

\begin{verbatim}
86 \renewcommand*{\LineNoLaTeXOutput}{% 
87 \ifnum\outputpenalty=\FN LN@M@swap@codepen \textbackslash SwapFootnoteMain \else
88 \end{verbatim}

\subsection{2.5.4 Setting the first line of the code block
2 IMPLEMENTATION

An idea: Instead of so many `ifnum`, use

\csname chars\endcsname \the\outputpenalty

... in lineno.sty, when you really have a broad range of `outputpenalties` useful to be described by `ifnum` range checks ...

2.5.4 Typesetting the Footnote Text

\SwapFootnoteMain is the slot of the OTR that our modified `\footnotetext` calls with `\outputpenalty = -\FNLN@M@swap@codepen`. The “column so far” is stored in a new box register `\FLNL@holdcol`.  

\newsavebox{\FNLN@holdcol}
\newcommand*{\SwapFootnoteMain}\percent
\global \setbox{\FNLN@holdcol} \vbox{\unvbox{\cclv}}\percent

(... cf. `\@holdpg` in \LaTeX.)

The entire text of a footnote is typeset on top of the MVL. `\vsize` is maximized temporarily to avoid that the footnote text is broken across pages.

\GStoreGSetReg\vsize\maxdimen
However, the user may want to use `\pagebreak` in a footnote in order to control manually where a “long” footnote is split. v0.41 tries to support this:

```latex
\GStoreGSetReg\topskip\z@skip
```

(... cf. Section 2.5.3.)

There shouldn’t be any `\topskip`, the space on top of a footnote is controlled by `\footnotesep` entirely:

```latex
\GStoreGSetReg\pagegoal\vsize
\GStoreGSetReg\pagetotal\z@\relax
\GStoreGSetReg\pagemaxstretch\z@\relax
\GStoreGSetReg\pagefillstretch\z@\relax
\GStoreGSetReg\pageshrink\z@\relax
\GStoreGSetReg\pagedepth\z@\relax
```

We must choose certain settings from `\@footnotetext` such as font:

```latex
\reset@font\footnotesize
\interlinepenalty\interfootnotelinepenalty
```

LaTeX’s `\textbf{split}` things here are relevant at `\insert\footins` only: (TODO!?)

```latex
% \splittopskip\footnotesep
% \splitmaxdepth \dp\strutbox \floatingpenalty \OMM
\hsize\columnwidth \@parboxrestore
```

The previous lines were from LaTeX’s `\@footnotetext`. Now we need to restore the `\@thefnmark` that belongs to the current footnote text. We use a macro that tears two items from `\FNLN@list` and executes the rest of LaTeX’s `\@footnotetext`:

```latex
\expandafter \FNLN@typeset \FNLN@list \@@
```

... so a `\vsize` assignment without `\global` is noted here, and an analogous `\topskip` assignment is not!? TODO ...
\FNLN@typeset first removes something from the list of footnotes, similarly to \LaTeX’s \@xnext and lineno’s @\LN@xnext, then executes a remaining portion of \LaTeX’s \@footnotetext. The footnote text may contain \par tokens, so the definition must be \texttt{\long}:

\begin{verbatim}
\long\def \FNLN@typeset {#1\@ltx#2\@ltx#3\@s{\%
\gdef \FNLN@list{#3}\%
\def \@thefnmark{#1}\%

This was our own, and next \LaTeX continues:
\protected@edef \@currentlabel{\protect\csname p@footnote\endcsname \@thefnmark}
\color@begingroup

We insert starting the lineno settings . . .
\end{verbatim}

\begin{verbatim}
\linenumbers
\setfootnotelinenumbers \%
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2 IMPLEMENTATION

(... global restoring of \vsize proved vital with edfn DEMO 2010/12/17 ...)

2.6 “Continuous” Numbering

2.6.1 Goal

With v0.5, for the first time we try to get a “pagewise” numbering such that, if a main text line has a footnote, (i) its printed number is just the natural successor of the printed number of the previous main text line (instead of continuing previous numbering with the lines of the footnote first), and (ii) the printed numbers of footnote lines just continue the printed numbers of the main text lines. This “obvious” desirerment is not easy to achieve; already pagewise numbering of main text lines, without numbering footnote lines, has been somewhat ingenious.

2.6.2 How to Number Lines Pagewise

The basic idea of lineno’s pagewise numbering is:

1. Each numbered line of the document is identified by a unique counter value, an “absolute” number.

2. For each page (and column), the range of absolute line numbers occurring on them is recorded (or actually: the first and the last number).

3. The “public,” “human-readable” (“pagewise”) format of a given absolute line number \( l \) is generated by (i) finding the page (and column) with first number \( n \) and last number \( k \) such that \( n \leq l \leq k \), (ii) “printing” \( l - n + 1 \) in “columnwise” mode, otherwise \( l - m + 1 \) where \( m \) is the first absolute line number in the left-hand column of the same page.
Generating the “pagewise” representation for a given absolute line number \( l \) thus may be summarized as finding the corresponding offset value to be subtracted \((n, n+1, m, \text{ or } m+1 \ldots)\).

When footnote lines are to be numbered as well, a little problem is the order in which main text and footnote lines increment the absolute counter. lineno’s mechanism for this is started immediately after a paragraph has been broken into lines. Each line of the paragraph then calls a macro generating the line number. fnlineno now interrupts numbering of main text lines at a line issuing a footnote. The footnote text is typeset, including numbering its lines at each end of a footnote paragraph. When the footnote text has been sent into the \texttt{\LaTeX}\texttt{\textbackslash insert} register, numbering of main text lines is resumed.

Up to v0.4 (a development version), we used the same absolute counter for main text and footnote lines. When a page \( p \) has more than one main text line and the first one has a long footnote continued on the next page \( p+1 \), there is no “range” of absolute line numbers characterizing page \( p \) any more, because the greatest absolute line number of page \( p \) exceeds the absolute line numbers of the footnote continued on page \( p+1 \).

lineno’s procedure can be revived by numbering main text lines and footnote lines independently from each other. We use two absolute counters, one is incremented with main text lines only, the other with footnote lines only. Numbering of main text lines just will not be affected by numbering of the footnote lines.

Almost the same will hold for footnote lines. Each page (and column) will have a characteristic “range” of absolute footnote line numbers \( \{n, \ldots, k\} \). The only notable difference will be that for footnote line \( l \) we print \( (l-n+1)+(K-N+1) = (K+l)-(N+n)+2 \) instead of \( l-n+1 \)—where \( \{N, \ldots, K\} \) is the range of main text line numbers of the page (and column).

The previous discussion of generating the printed line number from its absolute version has assumed that corresponding offset values have been given somehow, or that the “line number ranges” for pages are known from somewhere. In fact, these ranges are computed at the start of a \texttt{\LaTeX} run before typesetting, when reading the .aux file for the first time. They are used in the entire document. While typesetting, each numbered line of main text leaves a record of its absolute number and page number in the new version of the .aux file that the run creates, a two-parameter macro \texttt{\@LN}. With fnlineno.sty, there will be new \texttt{\@FLN} entries of the same type. These .aux entries are used for building the page range data for the next run. When the document source has been changed, at least two runs will usually be required to get correct line numbers in page margins, and another run will be needed so references to line numbers by \texttt{\ref} and \texttt{\linelabel} are correct.

2.6.3 Summary of Changes

Variants of lineno.sty’s code for “pagewise” numbering are following. Sometimes we generalize pagewise stuff from lineno and re-implement pagewise numbering of main text lines as a special case, the other special case being numbering of footnote lines.
Five things need modifications:

**Building page info macros:** Processing \@LN and \@FLN .aux entries will use shared building macros, the difference is obtained by switching name spaces. (It may be notable that a page may get one info macro for main text and another for footnote text, if it contains footnote text.)

**Logging:** While typesetting, the shared logging macro is switched to write either \@LN or \@FLN to the .aux file. Also, \c@linenumber may refer to either the main text or to the footnote text counter.

**Generating “pagewise” format:** The choice of \c@linenumber also determines which counter is incremented, and again name spaces for page info macros are switched. For footnote lines, a tail macro for adding the number of main text lines will be activated.

**Referencing:** The .aux file may have entries from \linelabel containing large numbers from an “absolute” counter. In generating the “human-readable” number, it must be known whether it is a main text or a footnote line number. An additional complication is referring to a main text line from a footnote and vice versa—thinking of global changes in generating the number. Or even think of the case referring from unnumbered text to numbered text! (I have wondered before if the entry couldn’t be the ready human-readable number, TODO!)

**Lists of “vertical tasks”:** lineno.sty (v4) has introduced two lists of tasks that were issued in horizontal mode but only can be completed after breaking a paragraph into lines: one for \linelabels and one for \vadjust items that must wait until the line number has been attached. It is essential that the tasks are processed in the same order in vertical mode as they were issued in horizontal mode. As we are now interrupting processing of main text paragraphs for processing footnotes, tasks for footnote text must be lined up in separate lists than tasks for main text. This is indeed essential for the previous issue of getting \linelabel work in footnotes as well as in main text.

### 2.6.4 Info Building

\@LN, \@FLN and \@FNLN are processed at reading the .aux file before typesetting only. The interface to generating “pagewise” and footnote line numbers just are \LN@Pfirst and \FLN@Pfirst, eventually pointing to the first page/column with numbered main text lines or footnote lines, resp.

\def \FLN@Pfirst \nextLN\relax

This initialization of \FLN@Pfirst is just the same as the one of \LN@Pfirst in lineno.sty: their expansions are changed as soon as such a page is found, replacing the \relax by the corresponding page info macro.
\LN@Pfirst and \FLN@Pfirst are passed to \testFirstNumberedPage via the hook \FNLN@first@numbered that by default is the same as \LN@first:

\def \FNLN@first@numbered {\LN@Pfirst}

(oh, it must be \def here to recognize the change ...). This must be changed by \setfootnotelinenumbers (\let then, as when called the change will have happened).

Moreover, they are passed to \NumberedPageCache (the page info macro where a search starts, “current” page/column) as its initialization; the “generating” macros then change the latter macro following \nextLN in the page info macros.

In this sense, no other “name space switching” is needed for communication with other functions.

\lineo.sty has changed \LastNumberedPage globally ... the last page with numbered \footnote lines may well be another one than the last page with numbered \main text lines ... But fortunately, also \LastNumberedPage is needed in reading the .aux before typesetting only (\@onlypreamble is \LaTeX’s disabling command):

\@onlypreamble\LastNumberedPage

In \lineo.sty, we have \def\LastNumberedPage{first}. We need the same for the footnote variant \FNLN@last@numbered (to be handled globally!):

\global \let \FNLN@last@numbered \LastNumberedPage

\@onlypreamble \FNLN@last@numbered

\FNLN{{\names}{\last-numbered}{\line}{\page}}

generalizes \lineo.sty’s \LN{{\line}{\page}} to re-implement it. There is an additional parameter argument \names for choosing name spaces and a parameter \last-numbered for choosing the macro storing the “last numbered page.” (An argument without braces expects a macro name.)

\newcommand* \FNLN [4]{% 
  \expandafter\@@LN \csname #1#4\LN@column \expandafter\endcsname \csname #1#4\endcsname {#3}{#4}{#1}{#2}}

\@onlypreamble \FNLN

As in \lineo.sty \LN calls \@LN, a new variant of \@LN is called by \@FLN here, but it gets one additional parameter for passing \last-numbered from \@FLN. So the new syntax is

\@LN{{\info}{\first-page-line}{\line}{\page}{\names}{\last-numbered}}

\renewcommand* \@LN [6]{% 
  \ifx#1\relax 
  \ifx#2\relax \gdef#2{#3}\fi 
  \expandafter\@LN\csname #5\endcsname #1%
2 \textit{IMPLEMENTATION}

\def\lastLN{\lastLN{#3}\firstLN{#3}}% 
\def\lastLN{\lastLN{#3}}% 
\pageLN{#4}\@LN@column}\nextLN\relax}%
\fi
\def\lastLN##1{\noexpand\lastLN{#3}}%
\xdef#1{#1}%
\fi
\xdef#6{#4C\@LN@column}}
\@onlypreamble\@@LN

\texttt{lineno.sty}’s \@\@LN does not need any adjustment.
\texttt{lineno.sty}’s \@LN{\langle line \rangle}{\langle page \rangle} is reimplemented as
\@FLN{\langle line \rangle}{\langle page \rangle}

—so \@LN really does the same as before, including name spaces.
\@FLN{\langle line \rangle}{\langle page \rangle} is the other special case of the new \@FNLN—an F precedes the earlier names, and \@FNLN@last@numbered is the storing macro initialized above:

\def \@FNLN{\@FNLN{LN@P}\LastNumberedPage}
\def \@FLN{\@FNLN{FLN@P}\FNLN@last@numbered}

For logging, we make both unexpandable:
\% \AtBeginDocument{\let\@LN\relax \let\@FLN\relax}

... but this way nothing appears in the file!? \texttt{TODO} ...
\@onlypreamble\@LN \@onlypreamble\@FLN

For reading the .aux finally, we do what \texttt{lineno} does with \@LN:
\AtEndDocument{\let\@FLN\@gobbletwo}

\subsection{2.6.5 Tool for Reusing Global Operations with Macros}

\texttt{lineno.sty} v4 provides list handling (changing lists globally) and global changes of \@NumberedPageCache. We want to use them in “main text” mode as well as in “footnote” mode. To use such an operation on \@\texttt{(ln-macro)} for \@\texttt{(fln-macro)}, we \texttt{global} \let\@\texttt{(ln-macro)}\@\texttt{(fln-macro)}, apply the operations, and finally \texttt{global} \let\@\texttt{(fln-macro)}\@\texttt{(ln-macro)}. However, we are not only interested in how \@\texttt{(fln-macro)} is changed this way, rather \@\texttt{(ln-macro)} also is used as input for some operations, and we can choose which \@\texttt{(fln-macro)} should be used as input. To switch from working on/with \@\texttt{(fln-1)} to \@\texttt{(fln-2)} using \@\texttt{(ln-macro)} with an option to use \@\texttt{(fln-1)} later again, a tool \@\texttt{\GStoreUse(ln-macro)(fln-1)(fln-2)} is provided (should render later switchings much better readable):

\newcommand* \GStoreUse [3]{\global\let#2#1\global\let#1#3}

I.e., current content of \#1 is stored in \#2, then \#1 attains the content of \#3.
2.6.6 General Settings for Typesetting Stage

Oh my dear, it seems that all the switching for the footnote variant of \texttt{pagewise} must be global (I can’t find something useful using \texttt{\aftergroup} quickly). Therefore, I render \texttt{lineno}'s \texttt{\setpagewisenumbers} acting globally:

\begin{verbatim}
\renewcommand*{\setpagewisenumbers}{%
  \global\let \theLineNumber \thePagewiseLineNumber
  \global\let \c@linenumber \c@pagewiselinenumber
  \global\let \makeLineNumber \makePagewiseLineNumber
}\end{verbatim}

I just force this, hehe . . .

\texttt{\setpagewiselinenumbers}

As a counterpart to \texttt{\c@pagelenumber}, \texttt{\c@footnotelenumber} is reserved for the absolute footnote line numbers:

\begin{verbatim}
\newcount\c@footnotelenumber
\FNLN@@cache stores \texttt{NumberedPageCache} as from “main” mode:
\end{verbatim}

\begin{verbatim}
\FNLN@cache stores \texttt{NumberedPageCache} as from “footnote” mode; its initial content is the counterpart or analogue to \texttt{\LN@Pfirst}:
\end{verbatim}

\begin{verbatim}
\def \FNLN@cache {\FN\LN@Pfirst}
\def \FNLN@foot@cache {\GStoreUse \texttt{NumberedPageCache} \FNLN@@cache \FNLN@cache}
\def \FNLN@main@cache {\GStoreUse \texttt{NumberedPageCache} \FNLN@cache \FNLN@@cache}
\end{verbatim}

\texttt{\FNLN@labels} will be the counterpart to \texttt{\textsc{lineno}.sty}'s \texttt{\@LN@labellist}:

\begin{verbatim}
\global\let \FNLN@labels \@empty
\end{verbatim}

\texttt{\FNLN@vadjusts} will be the counterpart to \texttt{\textsc{lineno}.sty}'s \texttt{\@LN@vadjustlist}:

\begin{verbatim}
\global\let \FNLN@vadjusts \@empty
\end{verbatim}

Settings for footnote line numbers first resemble \texttt{\setpagewiselinenumbers}; but more changes are needed, and results from main text numbering must be stored. Some of the settings are needed \textit{locally} for generating numbers for labels, collected in \texttt{\setgetfootnotelinenumbers} for this purpose nothing must be stored explicitly:

\begin{verbatim}
\newcommand*{\setgetfootnotelinenumbers}{%}
Change of \texttt{\theLineNumber} is omitted as we are reading, not writing a label.

\begin{verbatim}
\let\c@linenumber\c@footnotelinenumber
\let\makeLineNumber\makeFootnoteLineNumber
\end{verbatim}

But in fact, \texttt{\makeFootnoteLineNumber} and \texttt{\makePagewiseLineNumber} will be the same. The difference is made by the choice of \texttt{\FNLN@first@numbered} and \texttt{\NumberedPageCache} for the line range searches.

\begin{verbatim}
\let \FNLN@first@numbered \FLN@Pfirst
\let \FNLN@finish \FNLN@add
\end{verbatim}

\texttt{\setfootnotelinenumbers} performs all the settings for typesetting footnotes in line numbering mode \textit{globally}, including storing results from typesetting main text:

\begin{verbatim}
\newcommand* \setfootnotelinenumbers {%
\globaldefs\@ne
\setgetfootnotelinenumbers{global:}
\end{verbatim}

The previous line also renders \texttt{\setgetfootnotelinenumbers} global:

\begin{verbatim}
\setfootnotelinenumbers
\end{verbatim}
\texttt{\theLineNumber} is used for \texttt{\linelabel} entries. \texttt{\thePagewiseLineNumber} is replaced by \texttt{\theFootnoteLineNumber}:

\begin{verbatim}
\let\theLineNumber\theFootnoteLineNumber
\end{verbatim}

Logging to \texttt{.aux}:

\begin{verbatim}
\def \FNLN@log {\string\@FLN}%
Starting range search: \texttt{\NumberedPageCache}
\end{verbatim}

Reusing \texttt{lineno}'s task list operations:

\begin{verbatim}
\GStoreUse \OLN@labellist \FNLN@0labels \FNLN@labels
\GStoreUse \OLN@vadjustlist \FNLN@0adjusts \FNLN@vadjusts
\globaldefs\z@
\end{verbatim}

For switching back to “main text mode,” again some settings may need a local variant—for processing line references from footnotes to main text! This is the purpose of \texttt{\setgetpagewiselinenumbers}:

\begin{verbatim}
\newcommand* \setgetpagewiselinenumbers {%
\let \FNLN@first@numbered \LN@Pfirst
\let \FNLN@finish \gobbletwo
\end{verbatim}
\unsetfootnotelinenumbers stores the “current” page with footnote lines and loads the “most recent” page with main text lines—and more . . .:

\newcommand* \unsetfootnotelinenumbers \%
\gdef \FNLN@log \{\string\@LN\%
\FNLN@main@cache

Task lists:
\GStoreUse \@LN@labellist \FNLN@labels \FNLN@@labels
\GStoreUse \@LN@vadjustlist \FNLN@vadjusts \FNLN@@vadjusts
\globaldefs\@ne \setgetpagewiselinenumbers \globaldefs\z@ \%
\setpagewiselinenumbers
\makeFootnoteLineNumber actually only copies \makePagewiseLineNumber, different results are obtained by changing hooks. The command first calls logging—\logtheLineNumber then generating the “public” line number—\getlineNumber (which in turn only is a copy of \testNumberedPage in lineno.sty).
\@ifdefinable \makeFootnoteLineNumber
\{\let \makeFootnoteLineNumber \makePagewiseLineNumber\}

2.6.7 Logging
\logtheLineNumber is redefined to log both main text and footnote line numbers.
\def \logtheLineNumber \%
\protected@write \@auxout \{%
\FNLN@log \{\the\c@linenumber \{\noexpand\the\c@LN@truepage\}}\}
\FNLN@log is the hook for the difference, its default expansion \@LN is made for main text line numbers:
\gdef \FNLN@log \{\string \@LN\%

2.6.8 “Public” Line Numbers
Fortunately, these commands don’t need to know much about name spaces. The interfaces to them are \NumberedPageCache—changing globally—and \FNLN@first@numbered. Our \FNLN@cache is initialized by analogy to its counterpart \NumberedPageCache (a minute name space change):
\def \FNLN@cache \{\FLN@Pfirst\}
\testFirstNumberedPage{⟨integer⟩} from lineno.sty is modified by replacing \LN@Pfirst only:
\renewcommand* \testFirstNumberedPage \{[1] \%
\ifnum\#1\textgreater \c@linenumber\}
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\def\nextLN##1{%
\testNextNumberedPage\\FN LN@first@numbered\%
\else
\let\nextLN\@gobble
\def\pageLN{\gotNumberedPage{#1}}%
\fi}

\testNumberedPage\ and \testNextNumberedPage from \texttt{lineno} don't need any modification. \texttt{testLastNumberedPage} is modified in \texttt{edfnotes.sty}. \texttt{gotNumberedPage} just needs a closing hook \texttt{\FN LN@finish} to allow for footnote lines.

\renewcommand* \gotNumberedPage[4]{%
\oddNumberedPagefalse
\ifodd \if@twocolumn #3\else #2\fi\relax\oddNumberedPagetrue\fi
\ifcolumnwiselinenumbers
\subtractlinenumberoffset{#1}\%
\else
\subtractlinenumberoffset{#4}\%
\fi
% \show\FN LN@finish
\FN LN@finish(#2){#3}%
}

\FN LN@finish{(page)\{(column)\}} gobbles both arguments with \textit{main} text lines, but will add the number of main text lines to \textit{footnote} line numbers:

\global\let\FN LN@finish\@gobble\two

Then it will act as \texttt{\FN LN@add}. We run the page info macro for the same page \texttt{(column; if defined)}.

\newcommand* \FN LN@add[2]{%
\expandafter \let\expandafter \@tempa\csname LN@P#1C#2\endcsname
\ifx\@tempa\relax
\else
\advance\c@linenumber\@ne
\ifcolumnwiselinenumbers
\let\firstLN\subtractlinenumberoffset
\else
\let\firstLN\@gobble
\def\pageLN##1##2##3{\subtractlinenumberoffset{##3}}%
\fi
\def\lastLN##1{\subtractlinenumberoffset{-##1}}%
\let\nextLN\@gobble

... rather assuming \texttt{realpagewiselinenumbers}.
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... TODO all needed?

2.6.9 Referencing

Now that we are using two separate counters for main text lines and footnote lines (v0.5), correct references to footnote lines using \linelabel{} and \ref{} need further adjustments. lineno.sty’s \thePagewiseLineNumber{} and \getpagewiselinenumber{(integer)} are generalized and re-implemented by macros that then serve to implement referring to footnote line numbers.

\theWiseLineNumber{(trans)} leaves a \protected{} call to a one-parameter macro \langle\trans\rangle in the .aux file:

\newcommand* \theWiseLineNumber [1]{\protect #1{\the\c@linenumber}}

\getwiselinenumber{(choice)}{(integer)} executes \langle\choice\rangle before applying \testNumberedPage{} to \langle\integer\rangle—within a local group:

\newcommand* \getwiselinenumber [2]{{% Some wisdom is needed to take account of the current “numbering state” from which \ref{} was called.

Referring to main text line:

- Unless called from numbered footnote, no extra care is needed.
- If called from numbered footnote, \setgetpagewiselinenumbers{} and temporary switching of \NumberedPageCache{} is needed.

Referring to footnote line:

- If called from numbered footnote, no extra care is needed.
- Otherwise, \setgetfootnotelinenumbers{} and temporary switching of \NumberedPageCache{} is needed.

\ifs\relax \% to main text
\if@FNLN@sw@ \% from footnote
\setgetpagewiselinenumbers \% from footnote
\let \FNLN@restore@cache \FNLN@foot@cache
\fi
\else \% to footnote
\if@FNLN@sw@ \else \% from elsewhere
\FNLN@foot@cache
\let \FNLN@restore@cache \FNLN@main@cache
\fi
}}
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\fi
\c@linenumber #2\relax\testNumberedPage
\thelinenum
\FNLN@restore@cache
}}
\let \FNLN@restore@cache \relax
\getpagewiselinenumber

doesn’t need any \langle choice \rangle—we assume that the label was written in the default \texttt{pagewise} mode (but it is difficult, though, \texttt{\relax} is essential!):

\% \renewcommand* \getpagewiselinenumber {\getwiselinenumber\relax} %!!

2010/12/31, a compatibility problem with \texttt{ednotes’} \texttt{\newlabel} mechanism shows up. \texttt{ednotes} “undefines” \texttt{\getpagewiselinenumber} and restores it only \texttt{\AtBeginDocument}. We must ensure that \texttt{ednotes} will not override our new version of \texttt{\getpagewiselinenumber}. (TODO in my view another motivation to write “ready” numbers without \texttt{\getpagewiselinenumbers} directly.)

We might assume that \texttt{ednotes} (if at all) is loaded directly and loads \texttt{lineno.sty} (that is the usual and recommended way of using \texttt{ednotes}) and that this will happen before \texttt{fnlineno.sty} is loaded. But now that we have spent some time understanding the situation, we can deal with the case as well that \texttt{lineno.sty} is loaded first, then \texttt{fnlineno.sty} is loaded, and then \texttt{ednotes}. (I have assumed earlier that \texttt{fnlineno.sty} is loaded after \texttt{lineno.sty} ...)

\AtBeginDocument{%
\def \getpagewiselinenumber {\getwiselinenumber\relax}\% sic!
\let \@EN@getpagewiselno \getpagewiselinenumber
}

\texttt{\getfootnotelinenumber{\langle integer \rangle}} considers \langle integer \rangle the absolute number of a \texttt{footnote} line. The \langle choice \rangle therefore is \texttt{\setgetfootnotelinenumbers}:

\newcommand* \getfootnotelinenumber {\getwiselinenumber\setgetfootnotelinenumbers}

Finally, \texttt{\theFootnoteLineNumber} is how \texttt{\linelabel} refers to a \texttt{footnote} line. \texttt{\theWiseLineNumber} is called with \langle trans \rangle being \texttt{\getfootnotelinenumber}:

\newcommand* \theFootnoteLineNumber {\%
\getwiselinenumber\setgetfootnotelinenumbers%

% \newcommand* \theFootnoteLineNumber {\%
\getwiselinenumber\setgetfootnotelinenumbers%

2.7 Leaving the Package File

\endinput
3 Acknowledgements

On the texhax mailing list, Boris Veytsman recommended using Victor Eijkhout’s \texttt{TeX by Topic} to me, and Andrej Lapshin pointed me to David Salomon’s work on output routines (TUGboat 1990 and 1994, also available as a book, as Ulrich Dirr tells me). It helped me a lot to read about output routines in these works, beyond the \texttt{TeXbook}. The abbreviations ‘OTR’ and ‘MVL’ are Salomon’s.—And recall Christian’s work and support by the DFG named at the start of the package file.—And ... the ideas of how to implement (i) attaching line numbers, (ii) \texttt{\linelabel}, and (iii) numbering lines “pagewise”—so flexibly, compatibly with many other \LaTeX{} packages, still are Stephan’s ...

4 VERSION HISTORY

310 v0.1 2010/12/08 very first, \texttt{\linelabel} works in footnote
311 \texttt{\linelabel} works in footnote
312
313 v0.2 2010/12/08 corr. “manifoot”
314 2010/12/09 moving doc. from .tex to here,
315 different doc. sectioning;
316 \texttt{\footnotetext} modified (user feature!);
317 \texttt{\docclearpage} NOT modified!; \texttt{\if@FNLN\@placing}\null
318 2010/12/10 ignore dummy footnote split;
319 \texttt{\FNLNpar}, \texttt{\AutoPars}, \texttt{\ExplicitPars},
320 more on limitations
321 2010/12/11 more trying, almost anew ...
322 JUST STORED
323
324 v0.3 2010/12/12 new approach, removed much before proceeding
325 2010/12/13 -- this was putting \texttt{\box\footins} onto MVL,
326 bad with those penalties
327 JUST STORED
328
329 v0.4 2010/12/14 another new approach:
330 typeset footnote on MVL immediately --
331 described strategy
332 2010/12/15 ... continued, choice of hooking into \texttt{\output}
333 (...swap...)
334 2010/12/16 ... continued; rearranged sections ... \null
335 \texttt{\FNLN@fntext} vs. \texttt{\ltx...}
336 2010/12/17 success with \texttt{\pagegoal} ...; \texttt{\GStoreReg} etc.;
337 ...\texttt{\fntext} shortened
338 2010/12/18 another two limitations: \texttt{\pagebreak} in fn.,
339 guessed/tested; another note to <register>;
340 ack. Christian; directed \rightarrow organized!?
341 SENT TO Christian/Stephan
342
343 v0.41 2010/12/19 support of \texttt{\pagebreak} with \texttt{\if\FNLN\sw\null} etc.;
TODO on lists of <register>s

2010/12/20 debugging: \if...true; \setbox...ft;
   \@finalstrut in vmode exported to finstrut.sty;
   notes on how v0.41 still fails with \pagebreak

2010/12/21 additional notes on *two* \pagebreak's

v0.5 2010/12/21 restructuring doc., check@latex@ -> check@,
   own account of lineno’s pagewise mode
   ... continued ...
   2010/12/22 ... continued ...
   2010/12/23 ... continued ...
   2010/12/24 ... continued ...
   2010/12/25 moved this to pullinenos, replaced ...
   more on \FNLN@typeset, + \setfootnotelinenumbers

2010/12/26 new summary of implementation,
   rearranged code sections; logging settled
   v0.51 2010/12/27 "build" settled, typesetting, logging reformatted;
   ack.s: "recall"; all settings global,
   "public" works

JUST STORED, MARGINAL NUMBERS OK,
   \linelabel in footnote broken
[2010/12/28]

v0.52 2010/12/28 own label and vadjust lists for footnotes;
   local settings for referencing,
   tool and care for global changes (...Cache)
   (TODO write ready in .aux? needs another run)

v0.53 2010/12/28 debugging; OK; minor doc. modifications;
   less "limitations"; \[[smallskipamount]

v0.54 2010/12/31 typo options; \FNLN@text without arg,
   \getpagewiselinenumber with ednotes

2011/01/01 \FNLN@cache, \FNLN@cache initialized;
   doc. "Typesetting Stage" qualification
   2011/01/02 that qualification was wrong
   2011/01/03 samepage@hook

TU CHRISTIAN 2010-12-29
v0.55 2011/01/04 samepage@hook emptied here as well;
   2011/01/06 edited version history
   2011/01/07 note on \if@FNLN@sw@ with v0.5;
      finally without support for samepage@hook!
   note on \testLastNumberedPage

PART OF EDFN RELEASE r0.5 (together with edfnnotes v0.2)

v0.55a 2011/02/09 corr. owner; "Limitations" updated; \pagebreak