

## NAME

**fmtutil** – manage TeX formats and Metafont bases, per-user  
**fmtutil-sys** – manage TeX formats and Metafont bases, system-wide  
**mktexfmt** – create a TeX format or Metafont base

## SYNOPSIS

**fmtutil** [-*user|-sys*] [*OPTION*] ... [*COMMAND*]  
**fmtutil-sys** [*OPTION*] ... [*COMMAND*]  
**fmtutil-user** [*OPTION*] ... [*COMMAND*]  
**mktexfmt** *FORMAT.fmt* [*BASE.base*] [*FMTNAME*]

## DESCRIPTION

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Rebuild and manage TeX fmts and Metafont bases, collectively called "formats" here. (MetaPost no longer uses the past-equivalent "mems".)

If not operating in mktexfmt mode, exactly one command must be given, filename suffixes should generally not be specified, no non-option arguments are allowed, and multiple formats can be generated.

If the command name ends in mktexfmt, only one format can be created. The only options supported are **--help** and **--version**, and the command line must be either a format name, with extension, or a plain name that is passed as the argument to **--byfmt** (see below). The full name of the generated file (if any) is written to stdout, and nothing else. The system directories are used if they are writable, else the user directories.

By default, the return status is zero if all formats requested are successfully built, else nonzero.

## OPTIONS

**--sys** use TEXMFSYS{VAR,CONFIG}  
**--user** use TEXMF{VAR,CONFIG}  
**--cnffile** FILE  
     read FILE instead of fmtutil.cnf (can be given multiple times, in which case all the files are used)  
**--dry-run, -n**  
     don't actually build formats  
**--fmtldir** DIR  
     write formats under DIR instead of TEXMF[SYS]VAR  
**--no-engine-subdir**  
     don't use engine-specific subdir of the fmtldir  
**--no-error-if-no-format**  
     exit successfully if no format is selected  
**--no-error-if-no-engine=ENGINE1,ENGINE2,...**  
     exit successfully even if a required ENGINE  
     is missing, if it is included in the list.  
**--no-strict**  
     exit successfully even if a format fails to build

- nohash**  
don't update ls-R files
- recorder**  
pass the **--recorder** option and save .fls files
- refresh**  
recreate only existing format files
- status-file FILE**  
append status information about built formats to FILE
- quiet**  
be silent
- catcfg**  
(does nothing, exists for compatibility)
- dolinks**  
(does nothing, exists for compatibility)
- force**  
(does nothing, exists for compatibility)
- test** (does nothing, exists for compatibility)

**Commands (exactly one must be specified):**

- all** recreate all format files
- missing**  
create all missing format files
- byengine ENGINE**  
(re)create formats built with ENGINE
- byfmt FORMAT**  
(re)create format FORMAT
- byhyphen HYPHENFILE**  
(re)create formats that depend on HYPHENFILE
- enablefmt**  
FORMAT[/ENGINE] enable FORMAT, as built with ENGINE
- disablefmt FORMAT[/ENGINE]**  
disable FORMAT, as built with ENGINE If multiple formats have the same name and different engines, */ENGINE* specifier is required.
- listcfg**  
list (enabled and disabled) configurations, filtered to available formats
- showhyphen FORMAT**  
print name of hyphen file for FORMAT
- version**  
show version information and exit
- help** show this message and exit

## ENVIRONMENT

Explanation of trees and files normally used:

If **--cnffile** is specified on the command line (possibly multiple times), its value(s) are used. Otherwise, `fmtutil` reads all the `fmtutil.cnf` files found by running "`kpsewhich --all fmtutil.cnf`", in the order returned by `kpsewhich`. Files specified via **--cnffile** are first tried to be loaded directly, and if not found and the file names don't contain directory parts, are searched via `kpsewhich`.

In any case, if multiple `fmtutil.cnf` files are found, all the format definitions found in all the `fmtutil.cnf` files are merged.

Thus, if `fmtutil.cnf` files are present in all trees, and the default layout is used as shipped with TeX Live, the following files are read, in the given order.

For `fmtutil-sys`:

```
TEXMFCONFIG $TEXLIVE/YYYY/texmf-config/web2c/fmtutil.cnf
TEXMFSYSVAR  $TEXLIVE/YYYY/texmf-var/web2c/fmtutil.cnf
TEXMFLOCAL   $TEXLIVE/texmf-local/web2c/fmtutil.cnf
TEXMFDIST    $TEXLIVE/YYYY/texmf-dist/web2c/fmtutil.cnf
```

For `fmtutil-user`:

```
TEXMFCONFIG $HOME/.texliveYYYY/texmf-config/web2c/fmtutil.cnf
TEXMFVAR     $HOME/.texliveYYYY/texmf-var/web2c/fmtutil.cnf
TEXMFHOME    $HOME/texmf/web2c/fmtutil.cnf
TEXMFCONFIG $TEXLIVE/YYYY/texmf-config/web2c/fmtutil.cnf
TEXMFSYSVAR  $TEXLIVE/YYYY/texmf-var/web2c/fmtutil.cnf
TEXMFLOCAL   $TEXLIVE/texmf-local/web2c/fmtutil.cnf
TEXMFDIST    $TEXLIVE/YYYY/texmf-dist/web2c/fmtutil.cnf
```

(where `YYYY` is the TeX Live release version).

According to the actions, `fmtutil` might update one of the existing `cnf` files or create a new `fmtutil.cnf`, as described below.

Where format files are written:

By default, format files are (re)written in `$TEXMFSYSVAR/ENGINE` by `fmtutil-sys`, and `$TEXMFVAR/ENGINE` by `fmtutil-user`, where `/ENGINE` is a subdirectory named for the engine used, such as "`pdftex`".

For `mktexfmt`, `TEXMFSYSVAR` is used if it is writable, else `TEXMFVAR`.

If the **--fmtldir=DIR** option is specified, `DIR` is used instead of `TEXMF[SYS]VAR`, but the `/ENGINE` subdir is still used by default.

In all cases, if the **--no-engine-subdir** option is specified, the `/ENGINE` subdir is omitted.

Where configuration changes are saved:

If config files are given on the command line, then the first one given will be used to save any changes from **--enable** or **--disable**.

If the config files are taken from `kpsewhich` output, then the algorithm is more complicated:

1) If *\$TEXMFCONFIG/web2c/fmtutil.cnf* or *\$TEXMFHOME/web2c/fmtutil.cnf* appears in the list of used files, then the one listed first by `kpsewhich --all` (equivalently, the one returned by `"kpsewhich fmtutil.cnf"`), is used.

2) If neither of the above two are present and changes are made, a new config file is created in *\$TEXMFCONFIG/web2c/fmtutil.cnf*.

In general, the idea is that if a given config file is not writable, a higher-level one can be used. That way, the distribution's settings can be overridden system-wide using *TEXMFLOCAL*, and system settings can be overridden again in a particular user's *TEXMFHOME* or *TEXMFCONF*.

#### Resolving multiple definitions of a format:

If a format is defined in more than one config file, then the definition coming from the first-listed *fmtutil.cnf* is used.

#### Disabling formats:

*fmtutil.cnf* files with higher priority (listed earlier) can disable formats in lower priority (listed later) *fmtutil.cnf* files by writing a line like this in the higher-priority *fmtutil.cnf* file:

```
#! <fmtname> <enginename> <hyphen> <args>
```

The `#!` must be at the beginning of the line, with at least one space or tab afterward, and there must be whitespace between each word on the list.

For example, you can disable the *luajitlatex* format by creating the file *\$TEXMFCONFIG/web2c/fmtutil.cnf* with the line

```
#! luajitlatex luajittex language.dat,language.dat.lua lualatex.ini
```

(As it happens, the *luajittex*-related formats are precisely why the **--no-error-if-no-engine** option exists, since *luajittex* cannot be compiled on all platforms. So this is not needed.)

#### *fmtutil-user* (*fmtutil -user*) vs. *fmtutil-sys* (*fmtutil -sys*):

When *fmtutil-sys* is run or the command line option **-sys** is used, *TEXMFSYSCONFIG* and *TEXMFSYSVAR* are used instead of *TEXMFCONFIG* and *TEXMFVAR*, respectively. This is the primary difference between *fmtutil-sys* and *fmtutil-user*.

See <https://tug.org/texlive/scripts-sys-user.html> for details.

Other locations may be used if you give them on the command line, or these trees don't exist, or you are not using the original TeX Live.

#### Supporting development binaries:

If an engine name ends with `"-dev"`, formats are created in the respective directory with the **-dev** stripped. This allows for easily running development binaries in parallel with the released binaries.

## ENVIRONMENT

This script runs TeX and Metafont to generate the *fmt/base* file, and thus all normal environment variables and search path rules for TeX/MF apply.

Executable location: `../..../texk/texlive/../../Master/texmf-dist/scripts/texlive/fmtutil.pl`

**REPORTING BUGS**

Report bugs to: `tex-live@tug.org`

TeX Live home page: `<https://tug.org/texlive/>`